

Midterm Solution

Problem 3 $\nabla^2 u = 0 \quad 0 < \theta < \pi, \quad 0 \leq r \leq 1$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}(r, 0) = 0 = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}(r, \pi)$$

$$u(1, \theta) = 2 + \cos 2\theta \quad \text{purple}$$

$$\text{or } 1 + \cos 3\theta \quad \text{blue}$$

$$|u(0, \theta)| < \infty$$

Separation: $r^2 R'' + rR' - \lambda R = 0, \quad |R(0)| < \infty$

$$u(r, \theta) = R(r) \Theta(\theta)$$

$$\Theta'' = -\lambda \Theta$$

$$\Theta'(0) = 0 = \Theta'(\pi)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \lambda_n = n^2 \\ \Theta_n(\theta) = \cos(n\theta) \end{array} \right\} n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Solve the R-equation as in class with use of

$$|u(0, \theta)| < \infty \Rightarrow R_0(r) = 1$$

$$R_n(r) = A_n r^n$$

$$\Rightarrow u(r, \theta) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n r^n \cos(n\theta)$$

$$u(1, \theta) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(n\theta)$$

purple : $A_0 = 2, A_2 = 1, A_j = 0 \text{ for } j \neq 0, 2$

$$u(r, \theta) = 2 + r^2 \cos 2\theta$$

blue : $A_0 = 1, A_3 = 1, A_j = 0 \text{ for } j \neq 0, 3$

$$u(r, \theta) = 1 + r^3 \cos 3\theta$$