



Math 309 - Spring-Summer 2018

Problem Set # 1

Question 1.

In each case, find all of the roots in rectangular coordinates, exhibit them as vertices of certain squares, and point out which is the principal root:

$$(a) (-16)^{1/4}; \quad (b) (-8 - 8\sqrt{3}i)^{1/4}.$$

Ans: (a) $\pm\sqrt{2}(1+i), \pm\sqrt{2}(1-i)$; (b) $\pm(\sqrt{3}-i), \pm(1+\sqrt{3}i)$.

Question 2.

In each case, find all of the roots in rectangular coordinates, exhibit them as vertices of certain regular polygons, and identify the principal root:

$$(a) (-1)^{1/3}; \quad (b) 8^{1/6}.$$

Ans: (b) $\pm\sqrt{2}, \pm\frac{1+\sqrt{3}i}{\sqrt{2}}, \pm\frac{1-\sqrt{3}i}{\sqrt{2}}$.

Question 3.

Sketch the following sets and determine which are domains:

$$(a) |z - 2 + i| \leq 1; \quad (b) |2z + 3| > 4; \quad (c) \operatorname{Im} z > 1; \\ (d) \operatorname{Im} z = 1; \quad (e) 0 \leq \arg z \leq \pi/4 (z \neq 0); \quad (f) |z - 4| \geq |z|.$$

Ans: (b), (c) are domains.

Question 4.

In each case, sketch the closure of the set:

$$(a) -\pi < \arg z < \pi (z \neq 0); \quad (b) |\operatorname{Re} z| < |z|; \\ (c) \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{1}{z} \right) \leq \frac{1}{2}; \quad (d) \operatorname{Re}(z^2) > 0.$$

Question 5.

Write the function $f(z) = z^3 + z + 1$ in the form $f(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y)$.

Ans: $(x^3 - 3xy^2 + x + 1) + i(3x^2y - y^3 + y)$.

Question 6.

Suppose that $f(z) = x^2 - y^2 - 2y + i(2x - 2xy)$, where $z = x + iy$. Use the expressions

$$x = \frac{z + \bar{z}}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad y = \frac{z - \bar{z}}{2i}$$

to write $f(z)$ in terms of z and simplify the result.

Ans: $\bar{z}^2 + 2i z$.

Question 7.

Find a domain in the z plane whose image under the transformation $w = z^2$ is the square domain in the w plane bounded by the lines $u = 1$, $u = 2$, $v = 1$, and $v = 2$.

Question 8.

Sketch the region onto which the sector $r \leq 1$, $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/4$ is mapped by the transformation

(a) $w = z^2$; (b) $w = z^3$; (c) $w = z^4$.

Question 9.

(a) Describe and sketch the set

$$\mathcal{D} = \{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid 2 \operatorname{Re}(z^2) = |z|^2 \}.$$

(b) Describe and sketch the set

$$\mathcal{D} = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Im}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) > 1 \right\}.$$

Question 10.

(a) Given a positive integer $n > 2$, find all complex numbers $z \in \mathbb{C}$ satisfying

$$\bar{z} = z^{n-1}.$$

(b) Let ω_n be the primitive n^{th} root of unity given by $e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}}$, $n \geq 2$, calculate

$$1 + 2\omega_n + 3\omega_n^2 + \cdots + n\omega_n^{n-1}.$$