



**Math 309 - Spring-Summer 2017**  
**Problem Set # 11**  
**Completion Date: Friday July 28, 2017**

**Question 1.**

Find the residue at  $z = 0$  of the function

(a)  $\frac{1}{z + z^2}$ ;      (b)  $z \cos\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$ ;

(c)  $\frac{z - \sin z}{z}$ ;      (d)  $\frac{\cot z}{z^4}$ ;

(e)  $\frac{\sinh z}{z^4(1 - z^2)}$ .

*Ans:* (a) 1;      (b)  $-1/2$ ;      (c) 0;      (d)  $-1/45$ ;      (e)  $7/6$ .

**Question 2.**

Use Cauchy's residue theorem to evaluate the integral of

$$\frac{\exp(-z)}{z^2}$$

around the circle  $|z| = 3$  in the positive sense.

*Ans:*  $-2\pi i$ .

**Question 3.**

Use Cauchy's residue theorem to evaluate the integral of

$$z^2 \exp\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$$

around the circle  $|z| = 3$  in the positive sense.

*Ans:*  $\pi i/3$ .

**Question 4.**

Use Cauchy's residue theorem to evaluate the integral of

$$\frac{z + 1}{z^2 - 2z}$$

around the circle  $|z| = 3$  in the positive sense.

*Ans:*  $2\pi i$ .

**Question 5.**

In each case, write the principal part of the function at its isolated singular point and determine whether that point is a pole, a removable singular point, or an essential singular point:

$$(a) z \exp\left(\frac{1}{z}\right); \quad (b) \frac{z^2}{1+z}; \quad (c) \frac{\sin z}{z}; \quad (d) \frac{\cos z}{z}; \quad (e) \frac{1}{(2-z)^3}.$$

**Question 6.**

Show that the singular point of each of the following functions is a pole. Determine the order  $m$  of that pole and the corresponding residue  $B$ .

$$(a) \frac{1 - \cosh z}{z^3}; \quad (b) \frac{1 - \exp(2z)}{z^4}; \quad (c) \frac{\exp(2z)}{(z-1)^2}.$$

$$\text{Ans: (a) } m = 1, B = -1/2; \quad (b) m = 3, B = -4/3; \quad (c) m = 2, B = 2e^2.$$

**Question 7.**

In each case, show that any singular point of the function is a pole. Determine the order  $m$  of each pole, and find the corresponding residue  $B$ .

$$(a) \frac{z^2 + 2}{z-1}; \quad (b) \left(\frac{z}{2z+1}\right)^3; \quad (c) \frac{\exp(z)}{z^2 + \pi^2}.$$

$$\text{Ans: (a) } m = 1, B = 3; \quad (b) m = 3, B = -3/16; \quad (c) m = 1, B = \pm i/2\pi.$$

**Question 8.**

Find the value of the integral

$$\int_C \frac{3z^3 + 2}{(z-1)(z^2+9)} dz,$$

taken counterclockwise around the circle

$$(a) |z-2| = 2; \quad (b) |z| = 4.$$

$$\text{Ans: (a) } \pi i; \quad (b) 6\pi i.$$

**Question 9.**

Show that

$$(a) \operatorname{Res}_{z=\pi i} \frac{z - \sinh z}{z^2 \sinh z} = \frac{i}{\pi};$$

$$(b) \operatorname{Res}_{z=\pi i} \frac{\exp(zt)}{\sinh z} + \operatorname{Res}_{z=-\pi i} \frac{\exp(zt)}{\sinh z} = -2 \cos \pi t.$$