

Drill Problems # 4.

Problem 1. Let $\ell \in \mathbb{R}$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$, $c > 0$. Show that the following statements are equivalent.

- a. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq N \quad |x_n - \ell| < \varepsilon;$
- b. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n > N \quad |x_n - \ell| < \varepsilon;$
- c. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq N \quad |x_n - \ell| \leq \varepsilon;$
- d. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n > N \quad |x_n - \ell| \leq \varepsilon;$
- e. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq N \quad |x_n - \ell| < c\varepsilon;$
- d. $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq N \quad |x_n - \ell| \leq c\varepsilon;$

Problem 2. Let $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be a convergent sequence and $b \in \mathbb{R}$. Is the following statement true or false?

- a. If $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad x_n \geq b$ then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n \geq b$.
- b. If $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad x_n > b$ then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n > b$.

As usual, you you claim “TRUE” then prove it; if you claim “FALSE” then provide a counterexample.

Problem 3. Let $x_n = \sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}$ and $y_n = \sqrt{n}x_n$. Show that both sequences $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ and $\{y_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ are convergent and find limits.

Problem 4. Find limits (and then prove using only the definition) of the following sequences.

- a. $\left\{ \frac{1}{n^p} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$, where $p > 0$
- b. $\left\{ \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n} + n^2} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$,
- c. $\left\{ \frac{(n+1)^2}{n^2} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$.

Please note that you are not asked to find the BEST possible $N(\varepsilon)$ or, in your analysis, the BEST possible ε such that $|x_n - \ell| < \varepsilon$. Simplify your job, use trivial inequalities like

$$n \leq n^2, \quad \frac{1}{n^2} \leq \frac{1}{n}, \quad \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2} \leq \frac{2}{n}, \quad \frac{1}{n+n^2} \leq \frac{1}{n}, \quad \frac{1}{n+8} \leq \frac{1}{n}, \dots$$

Problem 5. Find limits of the following sequences (you can use facts from the class).

a. $\left\{ \frac{5n^2 + 7n + 8}{3n^2 - 2n + 1} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$, **b.** $\left\{ \frac{2n^2 - n + 1}{n^3 - n + 1} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$, **c.** $\left\{ \frac{n\sqrt{n} + n - 1}{n^2 + \sqrt{n}} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$.