

Useful Formulas for Math 300

1. Method of Characteristics for first order equations:

$$u(x, t) = u(x(t), t)$$

First find $x(t)$, then find $u(x(t), t)$.

2. D'Alemberts formula for the wave equation on $(-\infty, \infty)$:

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2}(f(x + ct) + f(x - ct)) + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} g(s) ds.$$

3. Fourier series on $[-L, L]$:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ a_0 &= \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx \\ a_n &= \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \\ b_n &= \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

4. Fourier cosine series on $[0, L]$:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ a_0 &= \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx \\ a_n &= \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

5. Fourier sine series on $[0, L]$:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ b_n &= \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

6. Separation of variables:

- 1) Write $u(x, t) = T(t)X(x)$.
- 2) Solve the Sturm-Liouville problem for $X(x)$.
- 3) Solve the corresponding time problem for $T(t)$.
- 4) Use superposition.
- 5) Adjust the initial conditions.

7. Laplacian in polar coordinates:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2}$$

8. Generalized eigenfunction expansion with a weight function $w(x)$:

$$f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\int_a^b f(x) \phi_i(x) w(x) dx}{\int_a^b \phi_i(x)^2 w(x) dx}$$

9. Fourier-integral formula on $(-\infty, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega) \cos(\omega x) + B(\omega) \sin(\omega x) d\omega \\A(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \cos(\omega x) dx \\B(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx\end{aligned}$$

10. Fourier-cosine-integral formula on $[0, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= \int_0^\infty A(\omega) \cos(\omega x) \\A(\omega) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty f(x) \cos(\omega x) dx\end{aligned}$$

11. Fourier-sine-integral formula on $[0, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= \int_0^\infty B(\omega) \sin(\omega x) d\omega \\B(\omega) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx\end{aligned}$$

12. Fourier transform on $(-\infty, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}(f)(\omega) = \hat{f}(\omega) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) e^{-i\omega x} dx \\ \mathcal{F}^{-1}(\hat{f})(x) = f(x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \hat{f}(\omega) e^{i\omega x} d\omega\end{aligned}$$

13. Learn all the properties of FT.

14. Fourier cosine transform on $[0, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_c(f)(\omega) = \hat{f}_c(\omega) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty f(x) \cos(\omega x) dx \\ f(x) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty \hat{f}_c(\omega) \cos(\omega x) d\omega\end{aligned}$$

15. Fourier sine transform on $[0, \infty)$:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}_s(f)(\omega) = \hat{f}_s(\omega) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty f(x) \sin(\omega x) dx \\ f(x) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty \hat{f}_s(\omega) \sin(\omega x) d\omega\end{aligned}$$

16. Gauss kernel

$$g(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2Dt}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}}.$$

17. Error function

$$\operatorname{erf}(z) := \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^z e^{-x^2} dx.$$